



AGNI: A framework for Distributed Scripting



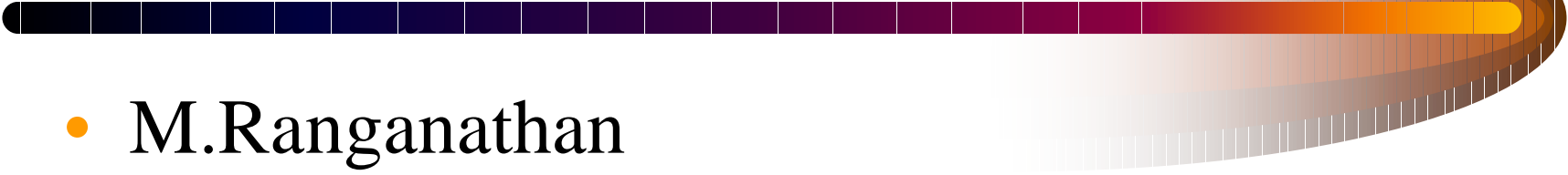
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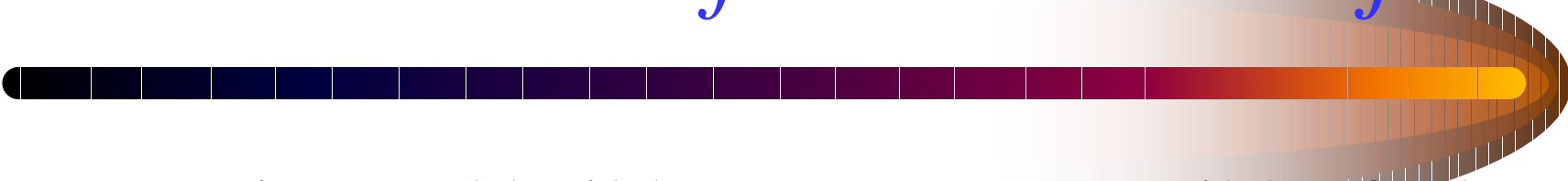


The AGNI Team

- 
- A decorative horizontal bar spanning the width of the slide. It consists of a series of small, dark blue rectangular segments on the left, transitioning into a smooth, horizontal gradient of colors from dark purple to bright yellow-orange on the right, which tapers off into a rounded, comet-like shape.
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 - Laurent Andrey
 - Virginie Schaal
 - External Collaborators:
 - Anurag Acharya UCSB
 - Group Manager: J-P Favreau




Goals of the AGNI Project


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- A decorative horizontal bar spanning the width of the slide. It consists of a series of small, colored squares that transition from dark purple on the left to bright yellow on the right, creating a gradient effect. The bar is slightly curved at the right end.
- Design and build a secure , extensible, fault-tolerant infra-structure for peer-to-peer event-driven (a-synchronous) applications.
 - Develop peer-to-peer event-driven applications based on developed infra-structure.




Application Scenarios

- 
- A decorative horizontal bar with a gradient from dark blue to orange, ending in a stylized arrowhead shape on the right side.
- Distributed control.
 - Conferencing, conference control.
 - Distributed testing, logging and monitoring.
 - Distributed Interactive Simulation.
 - Network Management.

Design Philosophy

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- A decorative horizontal bar with a gradient from dark blue to orange, ending in a rounded, flame-like shape on the right side.
- Distributed systems designer should be able to:
 - 1. Decide logical application structure.
 - 2. Application functionality.
 - Independent of how application components are mapped to physical resources
(*separation of logical design and physical design*).

Design Considerations


- 
- A decorative horizontal bar with a gradient from dark blue to yellow, ending in a rounded, flame-like shape on the right side.
- Extensibility and flexibility.
 - Fault tolerance.
 - Re-configurability.
 - Security.
 - Heterogeneity.



Event-oriented programming model.

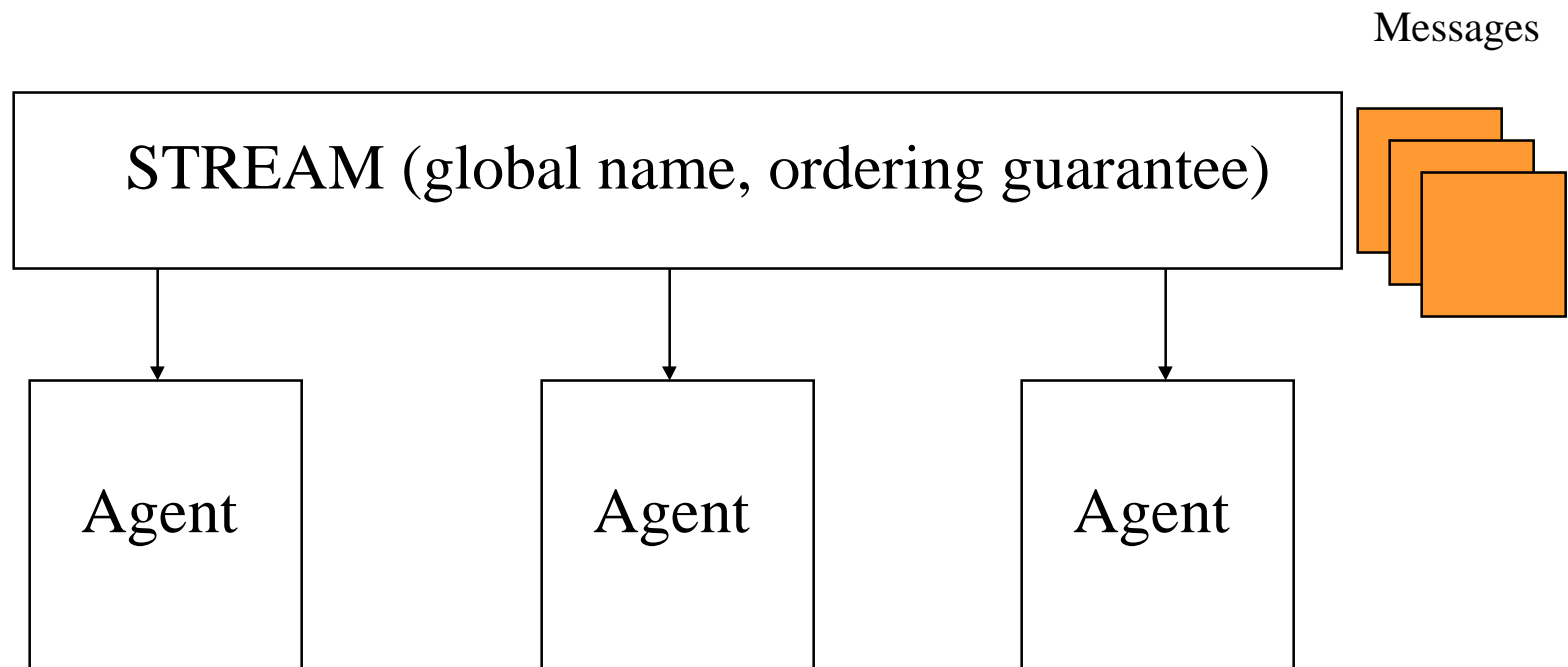
- One-way message oriented.
- Message arrival triggers execution of event handler
 - Event handler can send message to another communication end-point.

Abstractions

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- A decorative horizontal bar with a gradient from dark purple to bright yellow, ending in a rounded, flame-like shape on the right side.
- locations, streams, agents and events.
 - **Location** maps to a machine.
 - A **Stream** is a named communication end-point.
 - An **Event** is a change in system state - potentially triggers agent execution.



Distributed Streams





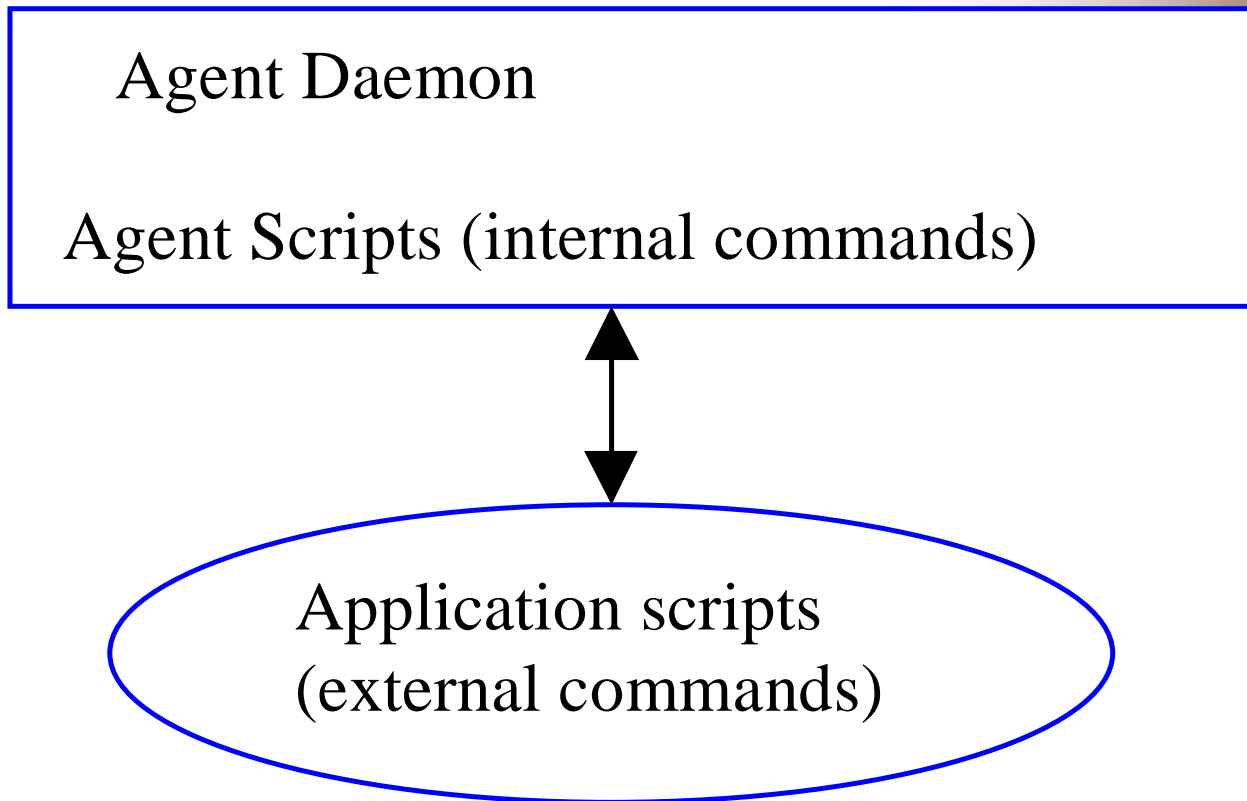
Attributes of a Stream




- Ordering guarantee.
- Unique global name.
- Assigned **Home Location** but can live on any workstation (that allows it).
- Can migrate between workstations.
- Has 0 or more **Agents** associated with it.



External and Agent Scripts




Re-configurability

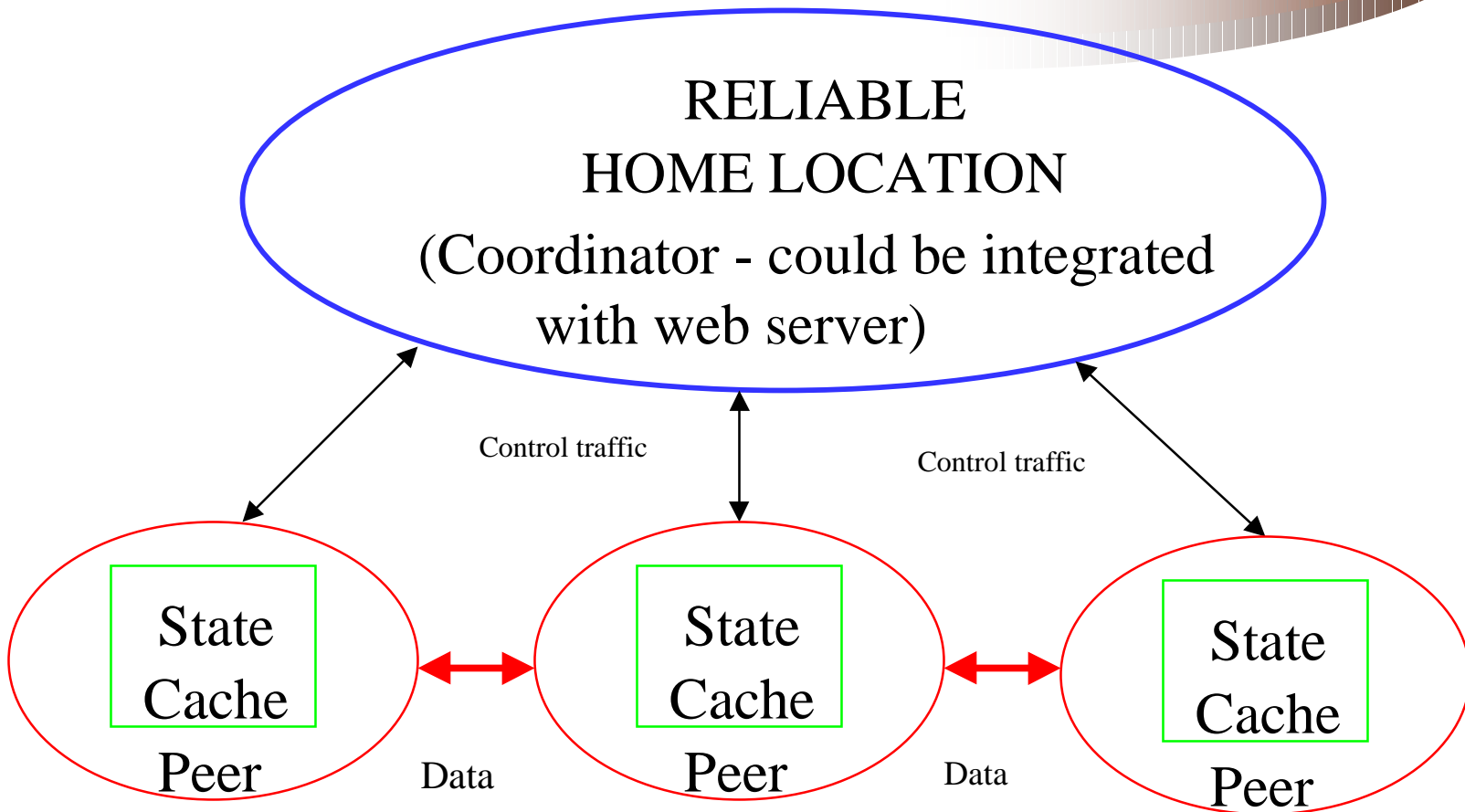
- 
- A decorative horizontal bar with a gradient from dark blue to orange, ending in a rounded, flame-like shape on the right side.
- Change the location of computational components dynamically while the system is in execution.
 - Message ordering guarantees are maintained while system is being re-configured.
 - Useful for latency reduction/load balancing.



System Features

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- A decorative horizontal bar with a gradient from dark purple to bright yellow, ending in a rounded, flame-like shape on the right side.
- Agents may send messages to streams.
 - External programs may send messages to streams.
 - System can re-configure itself between messages.
 - Multiple points of control are allowed.

System Organization





Agent script

- Agent script consists up to 5 TCL scripts:
 - **on-init** : Initializer.
 - **on-append**: Runs message is appended.
 - **on-relocation**: Runs at destination after move
 - **on-failure**: Runs at home node on failure.
 - **on-exit**: Finalizer (cleanup script).



Resource-control Architecture

- Two-tiered Resource-control Architecture.
- Per daemon resource-controller:
 - Controls resource usage on a per Agent-Daemon basis.
- Per stream resource-controller:
 - Controls resource usage on a per-stream basis.



Per-Daemon Resource Controller



- Stationary resource-control agent at each location
 - specified at startup time.
 - Can only be registered locally.
- Approves/denies stream creation/ arrival at a location.

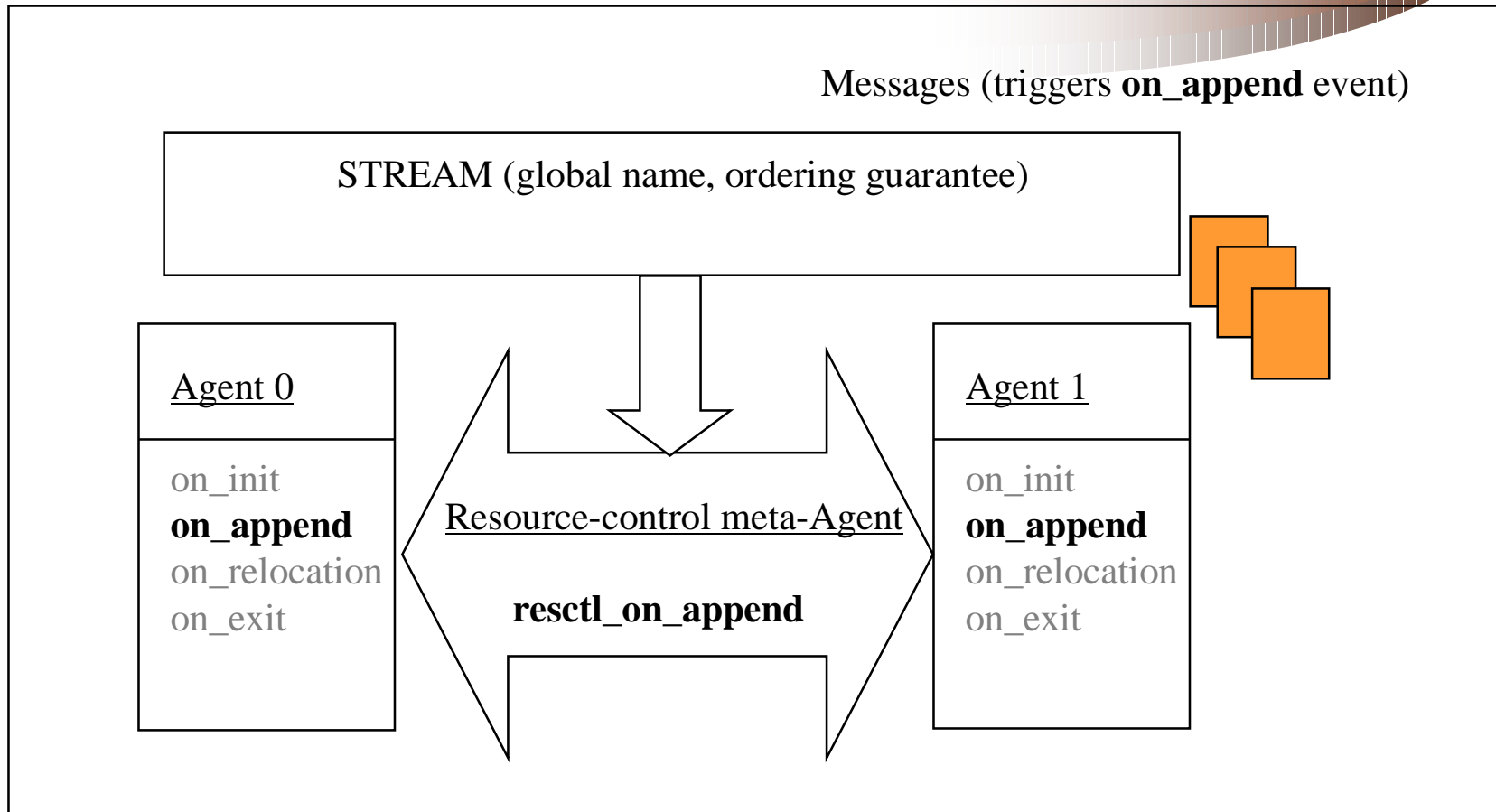


Per-Stream Resource Controller

- Can be specified at Stream creation.
- Intervenes on append, agent attach, relocation, arrival.
- Works as a meta-agent.
 - Gets control before user-registered agents get to run.
 - Can decide which user-registered agents get to run.
 - Can execute commands in the context of the user agents.

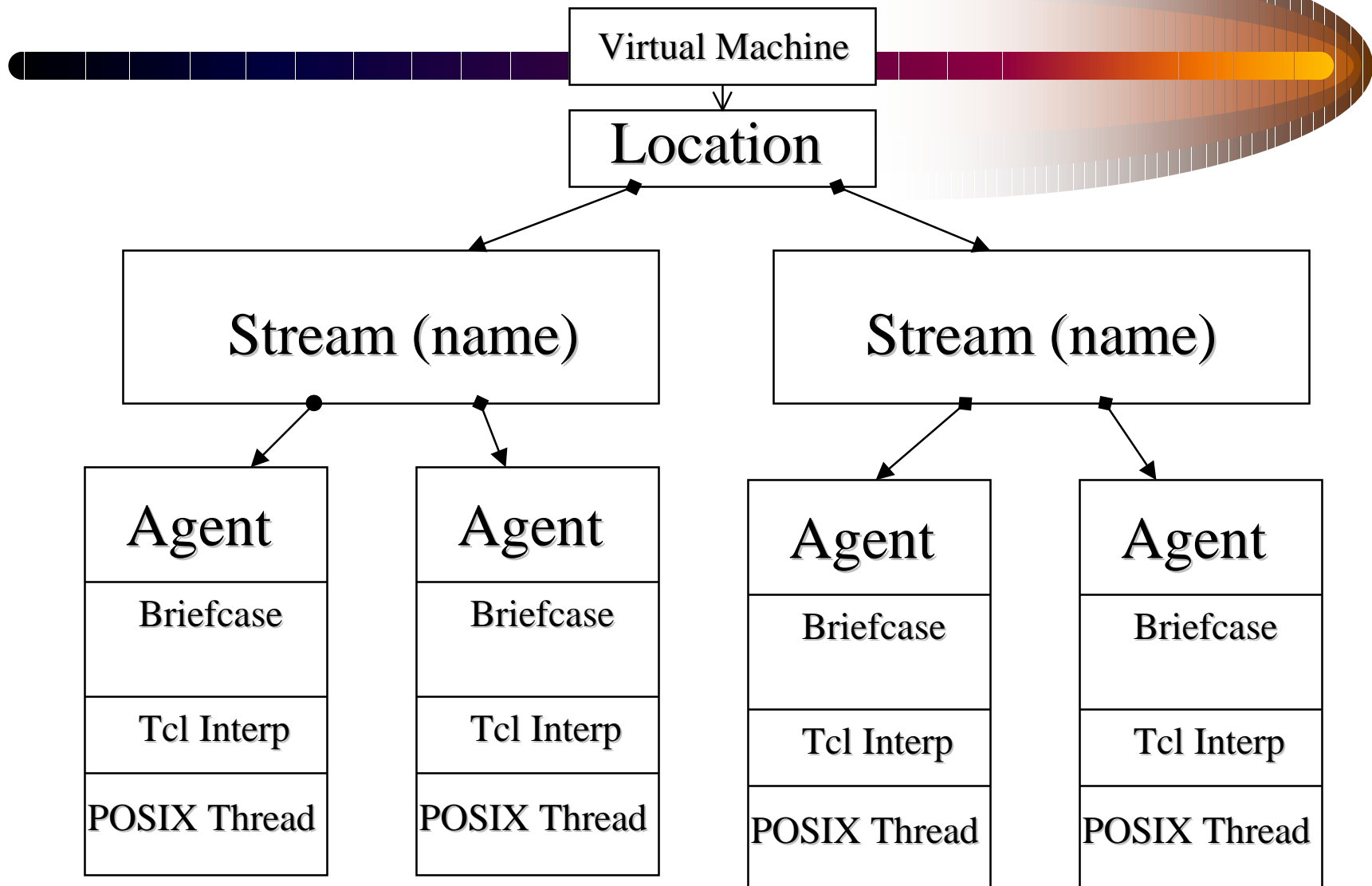


Per-Stream Resource-Controller





Agent Daemon Organization



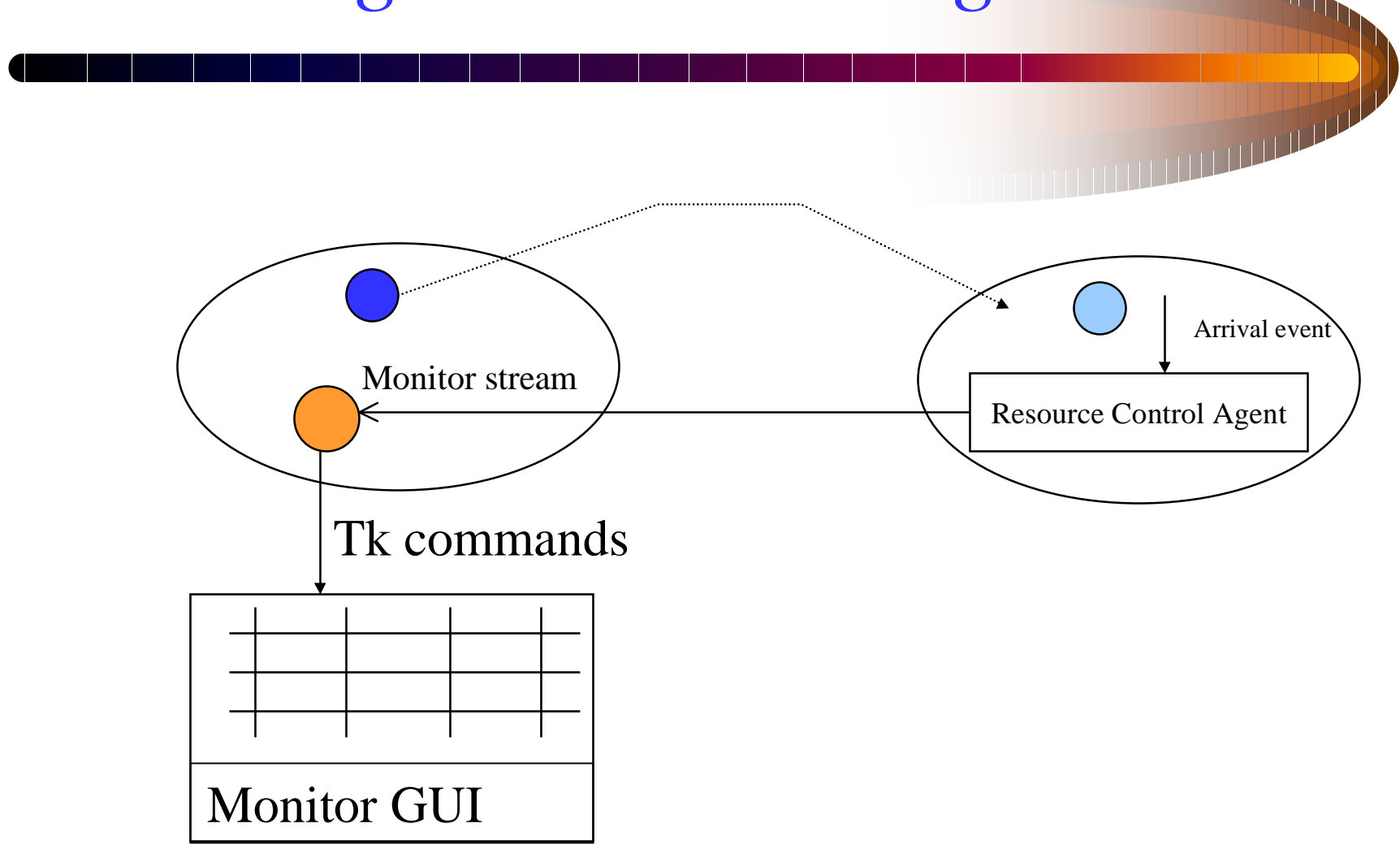


Application : Agent Monitor

- Track the location of agents in the distributed system.
- Reactive GUI application.
- Allow user to easily deploy agents using a GUI driven management tool.

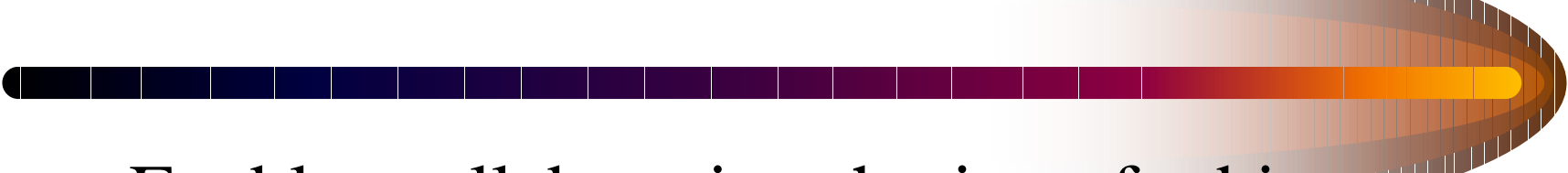


Agent monitor organization



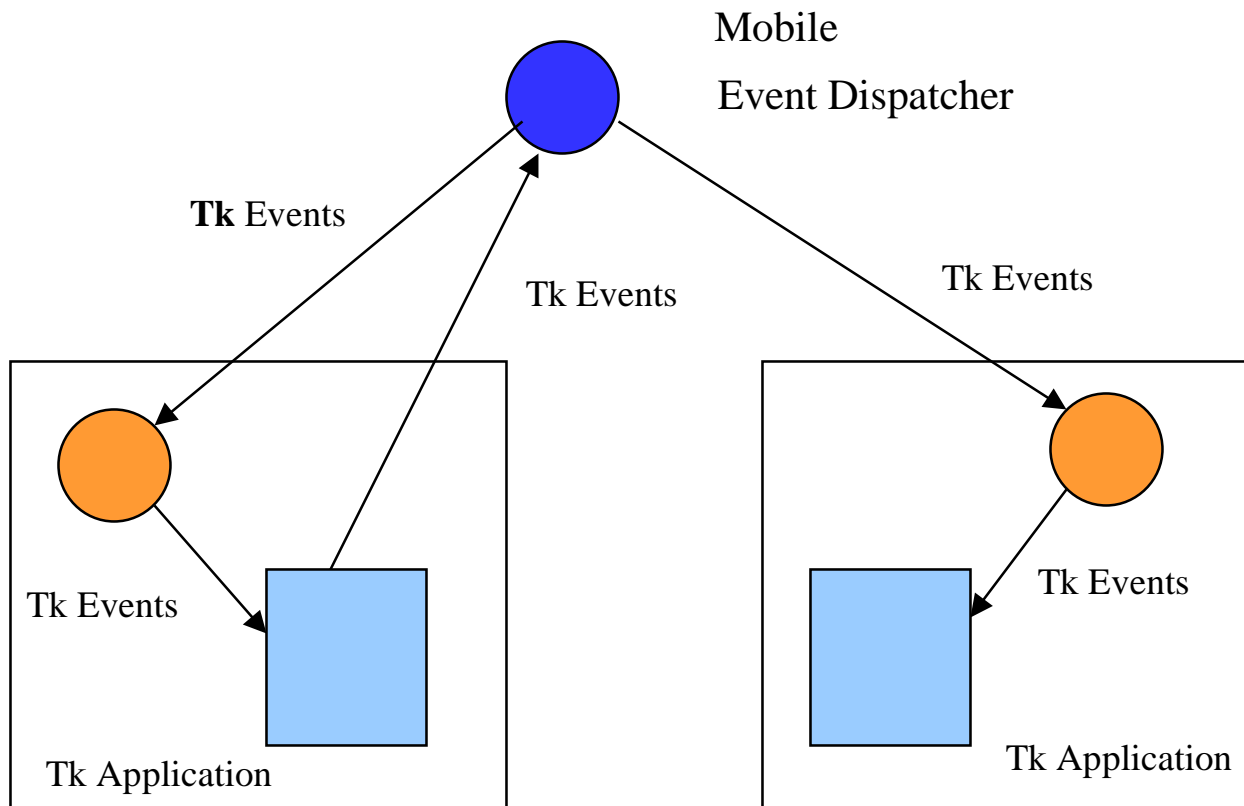


Application: Tk-Collaborative Toolkit

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- A decorative horizontal bar with a gradient from dark purple to bright yellow, ending in a rounded, arrow-like shape on the right. It is composed of many small rectangular segments.
- Enables collaborative sharing of arbitrary TK applications.
 - Self-reconfiguring distributed application.
 - Reconfigures itself to minimize latency for the interactive user.

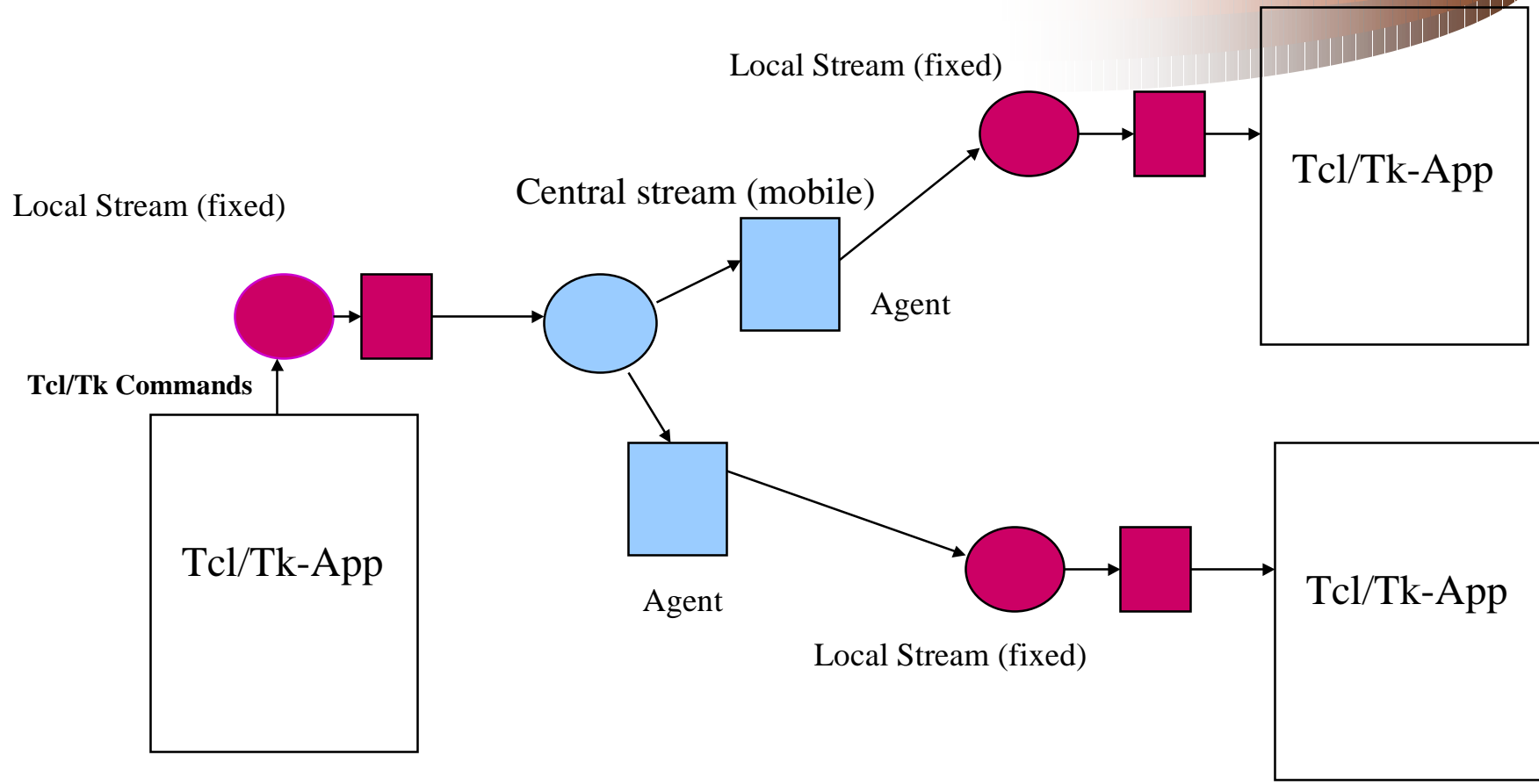


Application: Tk-Collaborative Toolkit





Application: Tcl/Tk Collaborative toolkit



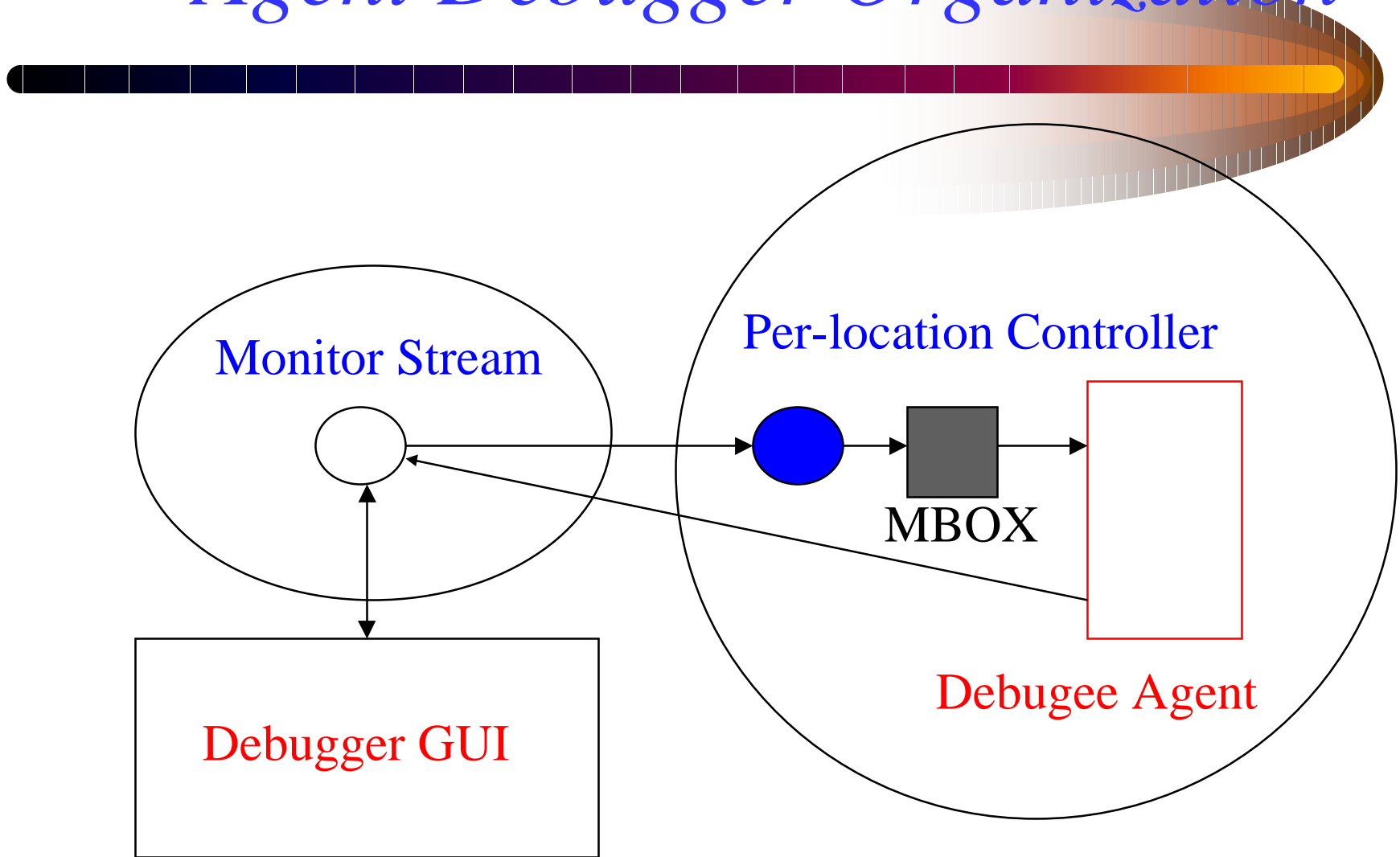


Application: Agent Debugger

- A tool to debug Agent Scripts.
- Extension of tcl-debug debugger.
- Goals:
 - Location transparency.
 - Global stepping.
 - Global conditional breaks.



Agent Debugger Organization






Current Status.

- Initial prototype of agent system with limited features.
 - Lacks fault tolerance
 - Uses tcp for message passing (lacks scalability).
 - Limited resource-control model.
 - Lacks security.
- A few applications have been developed.

Future Work Includes

- 
- A decorative graphic consisting of a horizontal bar with a color gradient from dark blue to yellow, ending in a rounded, arrow-like shape. The bar is composed of many small segments, giving it a segmented appearance.
- Application-driven extension of system features.
 - Adaptive applications for networks.
 - Virtual Microscope.
 - Distributed testing of collaborative systems.
 - Improving the communication scalability.
 - Fault-tolerance.
 - **Security.**